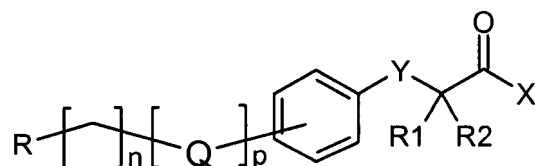


AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS:

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

1.-15. (Canceled).

16. (Currently Amended) A method for the treatment of hyperglycemia comprising administering to a subject in need of same an effective amount of a compound of formula (I):



(I)

in which

R is $-H$; aryl or heteroaryl, mono, bicyclic or tricyclic, optionally substituted with one or more halogen groups, nitro, hydroxy, alkyl and alkoxy, optionally substituted with one or more halogen groups;

n is 0-3;

p is 0-1;

X is $-OH$, $-O$ -alkyl C_1 - C_4 ;

R_1 and R_2 , which may be the same or different, are selected from: $-H$; alkyl C_1 - C_5 , $-COX$;

Q is selected from: NH, O, S, -NHC(O)O-, NHC(O)NH-, -NHC(O)S-, -OC(O)NH-, -NHC(S)O-, -NHC(S)NH-, -C(O)NH-; and Y is S;

and their pharmaceutically acceptable salts, racemic mixtures, single enantiomers, or stereoisomers ~~or geometric isomers,~~ and tautomers.

17. (Previously Presented) The method according to claim 16, in which R is an aryl or an aryl substituted with one or more halogen atoms, alkyl, alkoxy or haloalkyl, p is 1, n is 0, 1 or 2, and Q is oxygen.

18. (Previously Presented) The method according to claim 16, in which R is methyl, methoxy or trifluoromethyl, nitro, mono- or di-alkylamine.

19. (Previously Presented) The method according to claim 16, in which R is a heteroaryl containing nitrogen as heteroatom bound to the rest of the molecule via all the positions allowed and p is 1, n is 0, 1 or 2, and Q is oxygen.

20. (Previously Presented) The method according to claim 16, in which R is 1-indolyl or 1-carbazolyl.

21. (Previously Presented) The method according to claim 16, in which the compound is selected from the group consisting of:

- i. methyl 2-[3-[2-(4-chlorophenyl)ethoxy]phenylthio]iso-butyrate (ST2195);
- ii. 2-[3-[2-(4-chlorophenyl)ethoxy]phenylthio]-2-methyl-propanoic acid (ST2518);
- iii. methyl 2-[4-[2-(4-chlorophenyl)ethoxy]phenylthio]iso-butyrate (ST1929);
- iv. methyl 2-[3-(2-(2,4-dichlorophenyl)ethoxy)phenylthio]iso-butyrate (ST2534);
- v. methyl 2-[4-(2-(2,4-dichlorophenyl)ethoxy)phenylthio]iso-butyrate (ST2531);
- vi. methyl 2-[3-(2-(carbazol-9-yl)ethoxy)phenylthio]iso-butyrate (ST2365);
- vii. methyl 2-[4-(2-(carbazol-9-yl)ethoxy)phenylthio]iso-butyrate (ST2387);

- viii. methyl 2-[4-[2-(1-indolyl)ethoxy]phenylthio]isobutyrate (ST1983);
 - ix. methyl 2-[3-[2-(1-indolyl)ethoxy]phenylthio]isobutyrate (ST2394);
 - x. methyl 2-[3-[2-(2-naphthyl)ethoxy]phenylthio]iso-butyrate (ST2167);
 - xi. methyl 2-[4-[2-(2-naphthyl)ethoxy]phenylthio]isobutyrate (ST2011).
 - xii. 2-[4-[2-(4-chlorophenyl)ethoxy]phenylthio]-2-methyl-propanoic acid (ST2505);
 - xiii. 2-[3-(2-(2,4-dichlorophenyl)ethoxy)phenylthio]-2-methylpropanoic acid
(ST2653);
 - xiv. 2-[4-(2-(2,4-dichlorophenyl)ethoxy)phenylthio]-2-methylpropanoic acid
(ST2652);
 - xv. 2-[3-(2-(carbazol-9-yl)ethoxy)phenylthio]-2-methyl propanoic acid (ST2618);
 - xvi. 2-[4-[2-(1-indolyl)ethoxy]phenylthio]-2-methyl propanoic acid (ST2622);
 - xvii. 2-[3-[2-(1-indolyl)ethoxy]phenylthio]-2-methyl propanoic acid (ST2651);
 - xviii. 2-[3-[2-(2-naphthyl)ethoxy]phenylthio]-2-methyl-propanoic acid (ST2609);
 - xix. 2-[4-[2-(2-naphthyl)ethoxy]phenylthio]-2-methyl-propanoic acid (ST2036);
 - xx. methyl 2-[4-[2-(1-(5-methoxy)indolil)ethoxy]phenylthio]isobutyrate (ST2577);
 - xxi. methyl 2-[4-[2-(1-(5-benziloxy)indolil)etoxy]phenylthio]isobutyrate (ST2562);
 - xxii. methyl 2-[3-[5-(4-nitrophenyl)furfuryloxy]phenylthio]isobutyrate (ST2501);
 - xxiii. 2-[4-[2-(1-(5-methoxy)indolil)ethoxy]phenylthio]isobutiric acid (ST2733);
 - xxiv. 2-[4-[2-(1-(5-benzyloxy)indolil)ethoxy]phenylthio]-2-methylpropanoic acid
(ST2740); and
 - xxv. 2-methyl-2-[3-[5-(4-nitrophenyl)furfuryloxy]phenylthio]propanoic acid (ST2753).
22. (Previously Presented) The method according to claim 16, in which the compound is methyl 2-[3-[2-(4-chlorophenyl)ethoxy]phenylthio]isobutyrate (ST2195).

23. (Canceled).

24. (Previously Presented) The method according to claim 16, in which the method treats diabetes, the microvascular complications of diabetes, or the macrovascular complications of diabetes.

25. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 24 wherein the diabetes is type 2 diabetes.

26. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 24 wherein the microvascular complication of diabetes is diabetic retinopathy, diabetic neuropathy or diabetic nephropathy.

27. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 24 wherein the macrovascular complication is peripheral vasculopathy, myocardial infarction or stroke.

28. (Previously Presented) The method according to claim 16 in which the method treats syndrome X, polycystic ovary syndrome, obesity, or a form of insulin resistance.

29. (Previously Presented) The method according to claim 16 in which the method treats fatty liver or NASH (non-alcoholic steatohepatitis).

30. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 29 in which the fatty liver is NAFLD (non-alcoholic fatty liver disease).

31. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 16, for the prevention and treatment of, hypertension, for the primary and secondary prevention of coronary heart disease (CHD).

32. (Previously Presented) The method according to claim 16, wherein the hyperglycemia is associated with hyperlipidaemia.

33. (Previously Presented) The method according to claim 16, in which the compound is administered orally or parenterally.

34. (Previously Presented) The method according to claim 16, in which the formula (I) compound is administered at a dose ranging from 0.01 to 400 mg.

35. (Previously Presented) The method according to claim 34 in which the formula (I) compound is administered at a dose ranging from 0.1 to 200 mg.